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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/567,452	03/22/2006	Alessandro Falzoni	4462-24	8644
23117 NIXON & VAN	7590 12/10/200 NDERHYE, PC	EXAMINER		
901 NORTH G	LEBE ROAD, 11TH F	VOLZ, ELIZABETH J		
ARLINGTON, VA 22203			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3781	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/10/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/567,452	FALZONI ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	ELIZABETH VOLZ	3781					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 N	ovember 2008						
· <u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	, <del></del>						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>69-137</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>71,72 and 89-137</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>69,70 and 73-88</u> is/are rejected.	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>69,70 and 73-88</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>07 February 2006</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)	4) T lasten to 2	(DTO 442)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date							
3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Space No(s)/Mail Date 2/7/06  Space No(s)/Mail Date 2/7/06  Cherry							
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>2/7/06</u> . 6)  Other:							

Art Unit: 3781

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

This office action is responsive to the amendment filed on 11/20/08. As directed by the amendment: Claim 70 has been amended, Claims 1-68 have been cancelled, and Claims 71, 72, and 89-137 have been withdrawn. Thus, Claims 69, 70, and 73-88 are presently pending in this application.

## Claim Objections

1. Claim 69 is objected to because of the following informalities: The second "further" should be "farther" in Line 6 and commas should be added after "extend" (Line 2), "use" (Line 2), "comprising" (Line 3), "edge" (Line 3), "comprising" (Line 6) and "edge" (Line 6). Appropriate correction is required.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 69, 70 and 73-81 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ingram et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,611,446).
- 4. Regarding Claim 69, Ingram et al. discloses a cap arrangement 32 (Figure 2) comprising an opening-indicator device 35 (Figure 2) having an outer edge (Figure 2) wherefrom fin members 40 (Figure 2) lead away and extend, in use, internally of said cap arrangement, said fin members comprising in one portion, closer to said edge, an elongated element 42 (Figure 2) oscillatable around said edge, having a wedge-like

Application/Control Number: 10/567,452

Art Unit: 3781

longitudinal section 43 (Figure 2) and extending substantially rectilinearly from said opening-indicator device, said fin members further comprising, in one end portion farther away from said edge, flexible appendage elements 43 (Figure 2).

Page 3

- 5. Regarding Claim 70, Ingram et al. discloses appendage elements 43 (Figure 2) which are mobile between a folded configuration, in which said appendage elements are contained in the thickness of said elongated element, and an extended configuration, in which said appendage elements extend substantially transversely in relation to said elongated element (Figure 8A and 8B).
- 6. Regarding Claim 73, Ingram et al. discloses appendage elements 43 (Figure 2) which can be deformed if subjected to stress directed radially from a central zone of said cap arrangement towards a peripheral zone of said cap arrangement (Figure 8A and 8B).
- 7. Regarding Claim 74, Ingram et al. discloses appendage elements 43 (figure 2) which lead away from a second end of said elongated element opposite a first end thereof that comprises a deformable zone acting as plastic hinge 41 (Figure 2) to connect said elongated element to said opening-indicator device.
- 8. Regarding Claim 75, Ingram et al. discloses fin members 40 (Figure 2) which are suitable for interacting with projection elements 37 (Figure 3) obtained on a neck of a container arrangement with which said cap arrangement can be associated, during a first opening of said container arrangement (Figure 5).

Art Unit: 3781

9. Regarding Claim 76, Ingram et al. discloses fin members 40 (Figure 2) which have a thickness that is less than the difference between the diameter of said projection elements and the diameter of said neck (Figure 2).

- 10. Regarding Claim 77, Ingram et al. discloses fin members 40 (Figure 2) which are of a height that is less than the distance between said projection elements and a shaped part of said container arrangement extending radially from said neck (Figure 2).
- 11. Regarding Claim 78, Ingram et al. discloses an elongated element 42 (Figure 2) which is substantially subjected to compression stress during said first opening (Figure 2).
- 12. Regarding Claim 79, Ingram et al. discloses appendage elements 43 (Figure 2) which are shaped in such a way as to interact in a shapingly coupled manner with said projection elements, during said first opening, to prevent said fin members from rotating around said opening-indicator device (Figure 5).
- 13. Regarding Claim 80, Ingram et al. discloses a ring 35 (Figure 2) having an intended separation line system 36 (Figure 2) extending longitudinally along the surface of said ring.
- 14. Regarding Claim 81, Ingram et al. discloses a threaded device 32a (Figure 2) suitable for engaging in a corresponding further threaded device 31a (Figure 2) obtained in a container arrangement with which said cap arrangement can be associated.

Art Unit: 3781

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

15. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 16. Claims 82-88 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ingram et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,611,446) in view of Dreyer et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,006,930).
- 17. Regarding Claim 82, Ingram et al. teaches all the limitations substantially as claimed except for a thread provided with a double start. However, Dreyer et al. teaches a thread with a double start 13 (Figure 2). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Ingram et al. to include a thread with a double start in order to have a greater connection between the closure and the neck of the container (Column 1, Lines 18-22).
- 18. Regarding Claim 83, Ingram et al. teaches all the limitations substantially as claimed except for a double start continued on the same plane that is substantially parallel to a further plane identified by an opening of said cap arrangement. However, Dreyer et al. teaches a double start 13 (Figure 2) continued on the same plane that is substantially parallel to a further plane identified by an opening of said cap arrangement (Figure 7). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Ingram et al. to include a double start continued on the same plane that is substantially parallel to a further plane identified by

Application/Control Number: 10/567,452

Art Unit: 3781

an opening of said cap arrangement in order to have a greater connection between the closure and the neck of the container (Column 1, Lines 18-22).

Page 6

- 19. Regarding Claim 84, Ingram et al. teaches all the limitations substantially as claimed except for double starts mutually staggered by an angle of 180 degrees. However, Dreyer et al. teaches starts mutually staggered by an angle of 180 degrees (Column 1, Line 59-61). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Ingram et al. to include starts mutually staggered by an angle of 180 degrees in order to have a greater connection between the closure and the neck of the container (Column 1, Lines 18-22).
- 20. Regarding Claim 85, Ingram et al. teaches all the limitations substantially as claimed except for a thread comprising a pair of threads with cylindrical helix extending parallel to one another. However, Dreyer et al. teaches a thread comprising a pair of threads 13 (Figure 2) with cylindrical helix extending parallel to one another (Figure 2). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Ingram et al. to include a thread comprising a pair of threads with cylindrical helix extending parallel to one another in order to have a greater connection between the closure and the neck of the container (Column 1, Lines 18-22).
- 21. Regarding Claim 86 and 88, Ingram et al. teaches all the limitations substantially as claimed except for a tapered, cylindrical helix having a pitch of 4.5 millimeters.

  However, Dreyer et al. teaches a pitch of 4.5 millimeters (Column 6, Lines 44-45).

  Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Ingram et al. to include a tapered, cylindrical helix having

Application/Control Number: 10/567,452

Art Unit: 3781

a pitch of 4.5 millimeters in order to have a greater connection between the closure and the neck of the container (Column 1, Lines 18-22).

Page 7

- 22. Regarding Claim 87, Ingram et al. teaches all the limitations substantially as claimed except for a pair of threads with tapered helix extending parallel to one another. However, Dreyer et al. teaches a pair of threads with tapered helix extending parallel to one another (Figure 2). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Ingram et al. to include a pair of threads with tapered helix extending parallel to one another in order to have a greater connection between the closure and the neck of the container (Column 1, Lines 18-22).
- 23. Applicant is duly reminded that a complete response must satisfy the requirements of 37 C.F. R. 1.111, including: "The reply must present arguments pointing out the specific distinctions believed to render the claims, including any newly presented claims, patentable over any applied references. A general allegation that the claims "define a patentable invention" without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references does not comply with the requirements of this section. Moreover, "The prompt development of a clear Issue requires that the replies of the applicant meet the objections to and rejections of the claims." Applicant should also specifically point out the support for any amendments made to the disclosure. See MPEP 2163.06 II(A), MPEP 2163.06 and MPEP 714.02. The "disclosure" includes the claims, the specification and the drawings.

Art Unit: 3781

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ELIZABETH VOLZ whose telephone number is (571) 270-5430. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday, 8am-5pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anthony Stashick can be reached on (571) 272-4561. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/E. V./ Examiner, Art Unit 3781 /Anthony D Stashick/ Anthony D Stashick Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3781